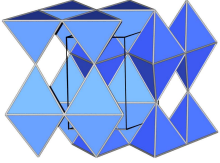
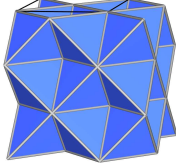
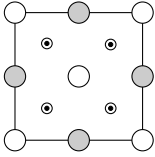
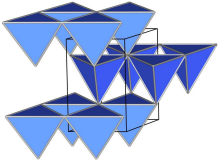
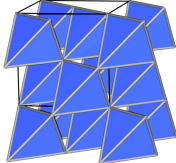
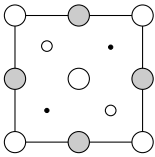
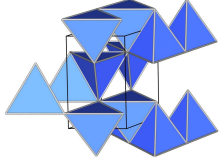
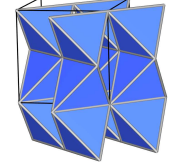
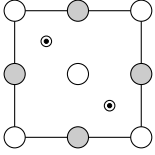
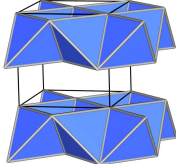
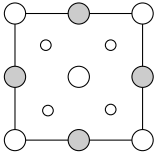
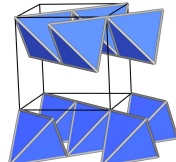
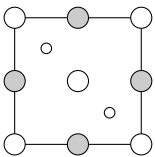
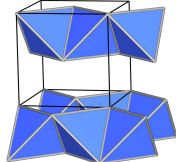
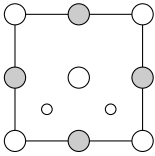
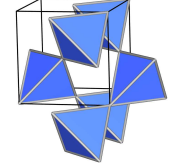
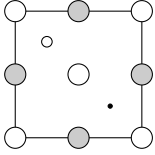


## 3.3.3. Dichte Packungen mit gefüllten Tetraederlücken

X hexagonal dicht	Formel	CN (X)	Lückenbes.	X kubisch dicht
	$M_2X$	4:8	1	 Li <sub>2</sub> O (anti-CaF <sub>2</sub> ) 
-	$M_3X_2$	4:6	3/4	O <sub>3</sub> Mn <sub>2</sub> (C-Str., defekt-anti-CaF <sub>2</sub> )
 Wurtzit	$MX$	4:4	1/2	 Zinkblende 
 $\beta$ -BeO				 PtS (CuO) 
				 OPb 
$\beta$ -ZnCl <sub>2</sub>	$MX_2$	4:2	1/4	 HgI <sub>2</sub> 
				 SiS <sub>2</sub> 
				 OCu <sub>2</sub> 
SnBr <sub>4</sub>	$MX_4$	4:1	1/8	OsO <sub>4</sub>